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FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. APPLICATION NO. P PH-7038 03/06/00 WONG 09/519,188 **EXAMINER** HM22/0510 KIM, V PHARMACEUTICALS COMPANY DU PONT E I DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND CO LEGAL **ART UNIT** PAPER NUMBER 1007 MARKET STREET 1614 WILMINGTON DE 19898 DATE MAILED: 05/10/01

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trad marks

				V N	Applicant(s)
,			Applica	uon N .	
			09/519,	188	WONG, PANCRAS C.
	Offic	: Action Summary	Examin	er	Art Unit
			Vickie Y	. Kim	1614
	The MAIL	ING DATE of this commun	ication appears on th	e cover sheet with th	correspondence address
Period fo	r Reply				
THE N - Exten after: - If the - If NO - Failui	MAILING Insigns of time SIX (6) MONT period for rep period for rep re to reply with reply received	O STATUTORY PERIOD DATE OF THIS COMMUN may be available under the provision THS from the mailing date of this com by specified above is less than thirty by is specified above, the maximum in the set or extended period for rep by the Office later than three months adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NICATION. as of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no amunication. (30) days, a reply within the statutory period will apply and	event, however, may a reply b tatutory minimum of thirty (30) will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fr	the timely filed days will be considered timely. from the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
_	Pesnon	sive to communication(s)	filed on .		
1)∐	·	ion is FINAL .	2b)⊠ This action	is non-final.	,
2a)☐ 3)☐	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Dispositi	ion of Cla		·		
		1-8 is/are pending in the	application.		
,_	4a) Of the	e above claim(s) is	/are withdrawn from	consideration.	
		is/are allowed.			
		1-8 is/are rejected.			
		is/are objected to.			
		are subject to rest		n requirement.	
	tion Pape				
		cification is objected to by	the Examiner.		
		wing(s) filed on is/a		Examiner.	
11)	The proj	posed drawing correction	filed on is: a)	☐ approved b)☐ dis	sapproved.
, —		n or declaration is objecte			
		U.S.C. \$ 119			
131	Acknow	ledgment is made of a cla	im for foreign priority	under 35 U.S.C. 🕻 1	19(a)-(d) or (f).
)☐ Some * c)☐ None o			
a		ertified copies of the prior		peen received.	
	2□ C	ertified copies of the prior	ity documents have	been received in Appl	ication No
	2.□ C	onies of the certified copi	es of the priority doci	uments have been red	ceived in this National Stage
	See the a	application from the Int attached detailed Office at	ernational Bureau (P ction for a list of the c	ertified copies not rec	ceived.
14)⊠] Acknow	rledgement is made of a c	laim for domestic pri	ority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(e).
Attachme		vennes Cited (PTO-802)		18) 🔲 Interview Su	ımmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)
16) N	otice of Draf	erences Cited (PTO-892) tsperson's Patent Drawing Revi isclosure Statement(s) (PTO-14	ew (PTO-948) 49) Paper No(s) <u>4</u> .	19) Notice of Inf 20) Other:	ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 8 provides for the use of the claimed composition, but, since the claim does not set forth any steps involved in the method/process, it is unclear what method/process applicant is intending to encompass. A claim is indefinite where it merely recites a use without any active, positive steps delimiting how this use is actually practiced.

Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed recitation of a use, without setting forth any steps involved in the process, results in an improper definition of a process, i.e., results in a claim which is not a proper process claim under 35 U.S.C. 101. See for example *Ex parte Dunki*, 153 USPQ 678 (Bd.App. 1967) and *Clinical Products, Ltd.* v. *Brenner*, 255 F. Supp. 131, 149 USPQ 475 (D.D.C. 1966).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who

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has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

4. Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b/e) as being anticipated by Pruitt et al (US 6,060,491) or Dominguez et al (US 5,886,191).

The claims read on a method of treating thrombosis in a mammal comprising: administering a therapeutically effective amount of a combination of (i) a Factor Xa inhibitor, and (ii) a compound selected from aspirin, TPA, a GPIIb/IIIa antagonist, low molecular weight heparin and heparin, wherein the dose administered for at least one of (i) and (ii) is a subtherapeutic dose due to synergistic effect.

US'491 teaches all the critical elements required by the instant claims. First the patented reference teaches a pharmaceutical composition a inhibitor of factor Xa, alone or in combination with other therapeutic agents to prevent or ameliorate the thromboembolic diseases condition or the progression. The said other therapeutic agents include anti-coagulant such as aspirin(preferred), platelet inhibitory agent such as Iib/IIIa antagonists, thrombin inhibitors such as heparins, or thrombolytic or fibrinolytic agents such as TPA; see column 119, lines 55 to column 121, lines 10. It also teaches that the said combination results additive or synergistic activity wherein typical daily dosage may be reduced; see column 124, lines 3-43. All the critical elements are taught by this patented reference. Thus the claimed subject matter is not patentably distinct over the prior art.

US'191 also teaches all the critical elements required by the instant claims; see abstract and columns; columns 80-84.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over by Pruitt et al (US 6,060,491) or Dominguez et al (US 5,886,191) in view of Ewing et al (US 5,612,353).

Pruitt et al or Dominquez et al's teaching is mentioned immediately above.

Applicant's claim differs because they require a low molecular weight heparin.

However it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to substitute a low molecular weight heparin to therapeutic agents(e.g. heparin:thrombolytic agent) taught in those cited references of Pruitt or Dominguez.

Ewing et al teach a combination therapy of Factor Xa and a low molecular weight heparin and it's greater antithrombotic efficacy or thrombolytic efficacy; see column 33, lines 52-60.

One would have motivated to extend by Pruitt et al (US 6,060,491) or Dominguez et al (US 5,886,191)'s teaching to include a low molecular weight heparin because a low molecular weight heparin is also effective as well as others wherein enhanced efficacy with lower side effects and safety.

One would have been motivated to combine these references and make the modification because they are drawn to same technical fields (constituted with same (or similar)

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ingredients and share common utilities, and pertinent to the problem which applicant is concerning. MPEP 2141.01(a).

Conclusion

7. All the pending claims are rejected.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Vickie Kim whose telephone number is (703) 305-1675 (Tuesday-Friday: 8AM-6:30PM) and Fax number is (703) 308-7924.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1235.

∀ickie Kim, Patent examiner April 24, 2001 William Jarvis
Primary examiner
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